MADRAS COU[COURIER].

VOLUME XXVII. TUESDAY, JANUARY 8, 1811. [No.] 1318.

GOVERNMENT ADVERTISEMENT.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Extract from a Regulation under date the 6th November last, prohibiting Individuals from dressing their Servants in the Regimentals of the Company's troops, for general Information.

Extract from Regulation III. A. D. 1810.

SEC. IX.—*first.* All Persons whether European or Native, within the Company's Provinces (excepting such privileged persons as the Government may specially exempt from the operation of the rule contained in this Section) are positively forbidden to dress any of their Servants, either for the purpose of parade or of business, in the uniform of the Company's Sepoys and Lascars, or in a dress, so nearly approaching to that uniform, as to enable the Persons wearing it to impose themselves on the country people for Sepoys and Lascars.

Second. All Natives, excepting those actually in the Military Service of the Company, or belonging to Person specially exempted by Government from the operation of this rule, are forbidden to wear a dress similar to that mentioned in the foregoing Clause.

Third. Officers of every description, employed in the service of the Company, who are allowed estabishments of Peons, in their official capacity, or who may have occasion to employ Persons of that description, in such capacity, are prohibited from clothing them with a military dress.

Fourth. With the view of giving full effect to the orders contained in the preceding Clauses, the Military Commanding Officers of stations, and of detachments, in the interior parts of the Country, and the several Zillah Magistrates are hereby authorised and required, to deprive of a military dress any person who shall wear it contrary to these orders. The local Officers of Police are also empowered and directed to apprehend all Persons of the above description, and to send them to the Magistrate, who will deal with them in the manner, above prescribed.

Fifth. Military Officers, or other Persons, to whom escorts may be allowed, when travelling through the Country, are forbidden to send Sepoys or Lascars into the Villages, for the purpose of procuring any sort of Provisions or of pressing Bearers, Coolies, or Boatmen. Every local Officer of Police, upon proper application, will, under Section VIII. of this Regulation, grant such assistance as he may be able to afford; and all violent measures, therefore, will be considered equally illegal and unnecessary.

Sixth. No Person shall be allowed to distinguish his Peons; or other servants, with Badges, except the public Officers (Civil or Military) employed in the service of the Company, who are allowed establishments of Peons in their official capacity, or who may have occasion to employ Persons of that description, in the public Service. The several Zillah Magistrates are empowered and directed to apprehend any Person (not being in the service of a public Officer of the Government, authorized to entertain such servants) who shall wear a Badge, in opposition to the prohibition contained in this Clause, and to deprive him of the Badge. The local Officers of Police are also authorized and directed to apprehend Persons of the above description, and to send them to the Magistrate, by whom the offender will be dealt with as above directed. Any European, not being a public Officer of the Government, to whom such description of public servants is allowed, employing badged Peons, or other description of servants wearing Badges, contrary to this prohibition, will be liable to the severe displeasure of Government, on representation of the circumstances of the case by the Magistrate, who is directed to report all such instances for the information and orders of the Governor in Council.

Published by order of the Honorable the Governor in Council,

F. GAHAGAN,
SEC. TO GOVT.

Fort St. George, Dec. 20, 1810.

THE COURIER.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 8, 1811.

APPOINTMENTS, &c.

Captain S. Lutwidge, of the 11th Regiment N. I. to be Deputy Judge Advocate General, vice Duggan.

Colonel Commandant Clarke, of the Artillery, to proceed to Europe on furlough, for three years.

Lieutenant Colonel Ross Lang, to be absent from his station for a further period of two months.

FORT WILLIAM.

Public Department. December 19, 1810.

Notice is hereby given, that all the Promissory Notes of this Government, standing on the General Register of this Presidency, from No. 6,401, to 7,000 of 1809-10, will be discharged at the General Treasury, on Wednesday the 23d of January next, on which day the Interest thereon will cease.

Published by order of the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council.

H. ST. G. TUCKER, Sec. to the Govt.

Tuesday last being New Year's Day, a Royal Salute was fired at Sun-rise, & the accustomed refreshments and batta were issued to the Soldiers of the Garrison—In the evening there was a splendid Ball and an excellent Supper at the Banquetting room, on the invitation of Sir George and Lady Barlow, to the Settlement—We were sorry to learn that indisposition prevented the attendance of her Ladyship.

On Friday last, anchored in the roads His Majesty's Ship Fox, from Malacca and last from Bengal. The same day also His Majesty's Ship Diomede, arrived from the Eastward—Before coming to an anchor, each Ship saluted the Vice Admiral's Flag with 17 guns.

The Packets of letters received in Bengal by the June Fleet, have been brought round to this Presidency by H. M. Ship Fox, and the letters are now distributing from the Post Office.

By the Barbadoes we learn that prior to her arrival at Roderigues some Transports had reached that Island from the Cape, bringing a reinforcement of 2 Regiments of European Infantry and 100 of the Royal Artillery, and that they had proceded to the Isle of France to co-operate with the Expedition.

It is now ascertained that the Force from Bengal had actually joined the Troops from this Presidency and Bombay: which fact has hitherto been doubted—from the circumstance of the Officers of the *Baracouta* not having a knowledge of that event; altho' the letters announcing it were brought to Madras by that ship.

Some Officers and Men of His Majesty's 24th Regiment arrived on the Barbadoes. They had been taken in the Windham and sent from the Mauritius to the Cape, from whence they were brought to Madras. When they left the Isle of France the greatest consternation prevailed relative to the consequences of the meditated attack by our forces. It is said Decaen was fearful of trusting the British subjects he has seduced into the service, and that he had separated the English from the Scotch and Irish. The two latter were detained on shore, and the former were sent on board the Ships.

Extract of a letter, dated Portsmouth 5th September 1810.

"I believe you may confidently rely upon the following information—Sir R. Strachan will sail from England the latter end of this month, with a few ships; one of which the Venerable, 74, Sir Home Popham goes in—Sir R. and Sir Home will collect many ships at the Cape of Good Hope (several large frigates having sailed for that station lately) and be joined by Sir S. Achmuty, with a body of Troops from Madras. The various branches of the Forces being united, Sir Rickard, Sir Home and Sir Samuel will proceed to make an attack on the Isle of France; upon a plan Sir Home has submitted to the Admiralty, and which he pledges his character will succeed. The Government are undertaking it with the utmost secrecy."

Thus it appears that the conquest of the Mauritius had been determined upon in England; but it is probable that the account of the fall of Bourbon, and of the further intended attack on the Isle of France may reach England in time to prevent Sir R. Strachan and Sir Home Popham being sent on the service mentioned in the above letter. It has been for some time understood here that Sir S. Achmuty received advices by H. M. Brig Eclipse to the effect stated in this letter, as far as regarded his being appointed to the command of a Force to be sent from this country against the Mauritius, and by which he was empowered to draw on the Indian Governments for Men and money to such extent as he should deem necessary, with the appointment of his own Staff, and other very extensive powers—The Expedition, however, having sailed, and the Honorable General Abercrombie being already in the command, it is probable induced Sir Samuel to remain at Madras.

At the time of the sailing of his Majesty's Ship Barbadoes from Portsmouth, a dispatch had been received from Lord Wellington, stating that Massena had fallen back.—In consequence of which, our troops had again occupied the position evacuated by Gen Craufurd—These accounts likewise state, that a most dreadful mortality had taken place in the Enemy's Camp—from dysentery and a want of necessary supplies—Our army on the contrary, appears to be in general good health and in high spirits—and Lord Wellington did not entertain a doubt of retaining his present position or advancing, as occasion may require.

The Fort William, which sailed on the 28th of August, for this country, arrived at the Cape, prior to the departure of the Barbadoes from that Port.

The Matilda, Country Ship, was expected to leave England about the middle of September, and would be the last Ship of the Season.

On Sunday last the Packet for England, via America, by the American Ship Carron closed at 2 o'clock.

Shipping Arrivals.—Dec. 24, Snow Autaramasawmy, Capt. J. Smith, from Vizagapatam, 21st Dec.—24th do. Brig Ganjam Capt. Chas. Dick, from do. 26th do.—31st do. H. M. Ship Barbadoes, B. Hodgson, Captain, from England 7th September.—January 3, 1811, Brig Nancy, Capt. E. Dalby, from Ganjam, 28th December 1810.—4th H. M. Ship Fox, Capt. Wells and Diomede, Capt. [illegible]oke.

MASQUED BALL AT THE PANTHEON.

The BALL and SUPPER given by the LODGE OF PERFECT UNANIMITY on Friday was as gay and splendid a FETE as his Settlement has exhibited for a long time past. The admission of Masks added an agreeable variety to the Entertainment, and furnished an ample field for the exercise of the talents of those, who are fond of exhibiting in Masquerade.

The CHARACTERS were numerous, but personated principally by Gentlemen—The Ladies mostly preferring Fancy Dresses.

The Characters whom we observed as most deserving of notice, were

A Nurse having a child, *six feet high*, in charge to convey to England—and a very troublesome charge he appeared to be, paying no respect whatever to the orders of *the Governess.*

A recruiting party was most admirably represented; and not the least conspicuous in this groupe was the *Wife* of a *Recruit*; who, having married a Soldier, very cheerfully "carried his Wallet."

A Female Ballad Singer, wrapt round in a Palampore, was amongst the best supported characters in the room. She diverted the auditors with many humorous songs in a falsetto voice, in support of the character—but, after supper; was prevailed upon to favour the Company with a Sea-Song, which was executed with a voice, feeling and execution that would have done no discredit to that Master, in this style of singing, *Incledon* himself.

Two Masks representing a *Hawker* and his *Coolie* were so well dressed that they were prevented admission by the guard at the gate—nay they were even ordered away by a Magistrate, until they made themselves known by addressing him by name in good English, instead of the *Hawker-jargon* they had previously adopted—When admitted, they sustained their parts most ably.

Two of the *ugliest Ayahs* that ever were seen were very urgent to get places—They principally addressed themselves to the Widows, alleging that the married Ladies always turned them away, because their Masters fell in love with their beauty—We overheard an *Artillery* Officer tell one of them she was a very shocking woman and that he was sure she had kept bad company—To which she replied—"Very true Sir,—to my misfortune I once belonged to the *Tillery.*"

A Jew was most ably represented, he laid out his *monies* to great advantage, being perfectly conversant in cent per cent.

A Mask, calling himself *Terence O'Blarney* and seated in a little portable Shop, somewhat resembling an Auctioneer's pulpit, puffed himself into considerable notice, and distributed several Hand-bills—One of these, descriptive of his qualifications, we subjoin for the amusement of our readers.

TERENCE O'BLARNEY

GENTLEMAN AND BATCHELOR FROM THE SEMINARY AT SLIGO.

"TENDERS his friendly assistance in any Gentlemanlike capacity which may not disparage his character, and in which his LITERARY TALENTS may be profitably employed for the benefit of himself and the Public.

O *BLARNEY* writes LETTERS, PETITIONS and MEMORIALS for those who have favours to ask, in the most moving style—composes PARAGRAPHS and PUFFS for the Papers—prepares ADDRESSES to popular characters (for meetings legally authorised only) at prices proportionate to the Quantum of Praise they contain,—and keeps by him a Stock of ANSWERS ready made, for such as are not ready at A REPLY; expressive of all the fine feelings usual and necessary on such occasions—

He makes SPEECHES for *Reviewing Generals* Commanders of Divisions and other great characters who cannot speak for themselves, (for which he has now a large Order on hand) and accommodates Junior Officers with remostrances against the conduct of their Superiors, in a style *so respectfully impertinent* that all who have employed him in this line [illegible] sooner to the Country.

His *Modesty* won't let him say more of his own Merits, but he's the only Man in all the World to do the thing neatly.

Quarrelsome Gentlemen are supplied with CHALLENGES and *peaceable* Ones with APOLOGIES suited to any occasion, on the shortest Notice: and *O BLARNEY* will deliver either or both on reasonable terms, in person, to the parties.

N: B: If it comes to tilting *O: B:* will stand second to his employer free gratis, for Nothing, and lend him his own *PISTOLS* with all the pleasure in life.

MEMBERS of boards may be furnished with minutes on any subject and of any length—COMMANDING AND STAFF OFFICERS with appropriate orders—LAWYERS with *Opinions,* applicable (as usual) to either side of a Question—*Editors* with Paragraphs and authentic intelligence—and PARSONS with *Sermons* of the shortest and most approved kind—all in the most *Modern* taste and at reasonable rates.

Having studied the LAW and served in the Army, O *BLARNEY* will sum up Evidence for inexperienced Judge Advocates, on Moderate terms by the Sheet, and furnish *Law Quotations* into the bargain—For a reasonable compensation he will attend any Gentleman in distress, to help his defence before a Court Martial, and Puzzle the evidence as a *disinterested Friend to the Party.*

Gentlemen in public Offices, who are sometimes compelled, by situation, to write for themselves, may, by sending their rough Proceedings to O *BLARNEY,* have them copied fair—their style polished, and their spelling corrected, with secrecy and despatch, at very moderate rates, by the Month or Year.

N. N.—Attends at this Office every week day (Sunday excepted) at 12 o'clock in the forenoon.

For the Ladies, Dear Creatures, Mr. O *BLARNEY* fixes no particular hour: he is always at their service, day or night, and ready to do their business at any time.

P. S. O. *B.* is an excellent Judge of hand writing, and was well known in the Courts in Ireland as a Steady witness in ticklish causes—Having practised some years as an APPROVER, Orders for him, in this line, are, for public convenience, taken in at Mr. Christian's House of call, near the Commissioner's Office, where, on emergent occasions he will attend at a moment's warning and swear to his name to a *Bond*—N: *B:* He takes care never to be at two places at once."

An ingenious Gentleman walked about as a *Bottle of Carbonel,* and on the company requiring a specimen, and crouding round for a taste, the bottle suddenly burst and out popt a light heeled *Harlequin,* who skipped about to the great amusement of the Spectators

A *Butt of Hodgsons Pale Ale* also paraded the Rooms. A Hand-bill announced it to be *Devilish* good, and sent as a specimen. Upon knocking out the head it was found to answer the description, for out jumpt the *Devil* himself, to the great alarm of several who were not prepared for a visit of this kind, and who have a kind of instinctive aversion to this Gentleman's acquaintance.

Two Bangle sellers, of the Telinga Bulgiwar cast from the Northward, were most correctly personated. We heard it objected to these persons that they spoke not Malabars, but principally broken English; yet it must be recollected that this was nowise improper, as Malabars is not spoken by the inhabitants to the Northward.

A Jack-Ass with Panniers and his *Driver* were capitally represented—but we were sorry to see the Machine demolished, the Eggs broke, the live Pigs, Duck's, Fowls &c. killed, and the Driver (who was a Lady) rudely pushed about before they had reached the middle of the room.

A New market Jockey plied hard for employ. We know not if he succeeded in his application to ride the *English Horse* at the ensuing races. He was a *knowing one,* by his own account, and certainly knew how to cut up a pig, which fell from the panniers of the Ass Driver.

A Country-man and his *Wife* going to Market with various commodities, and live stock, fared better than the Ass-driver—being sturdy folks, willing to sell their property to advantage; yet well disposed, and able to protect *their possession.*

A Wet Nurse with a *child,* was a very comely, and strapping woman—The character well dressed and well represented, tho' without a Mask. *Another Damsel* of a similar description was very importunate for a place, and we

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glish Baron with equal credit.

A Groupe of three *Highlanders* and their *Wives,* were well dressed and personated—The Men were right merry, and the lassies, both buxom and fair.

A set of *Hunters,* in green uniform with a Silver *Boar* on the left breast of the Coat, were truly eager in the chase—They met with many impediments, which tho' it did not diminish *their* amusement, made many affirm that such a *Bore* was rarely seen.

A very excellent Mask, as a *Sailor,* exhibited all the fun, eccentricity, and technical knowledge that is characteristic of the genuine Tar,

A Hydrabad *Fackeer* was a character conspicuously sustained.

We observed a grave personage that was said to be *Lord Hood*—but he was, poor man, both Deaf & Dumb A Mask in the dress of "*Hymenœa in search of a husband*" took a great fancy to his Lordship, declaring she should prefer him to all the men she ever saw, because, if she married a dumb husband, she should have all the talk to herself.

Also another *old man,* with a Lanthorn in his hand, said he was come in search of his Wife, who had escaped to the masquerade without his permission.

Several Gentlemen wore the elegant dresses that were exhibited by them when Stewards at the Batchelor's ball, which our Readers must well recollect.

The above are the principal characters as far as our memory serves. Many we fear we may have forgot, and some, probably from the great croud, escaped our notice altogether.

At about one o'clock the Company adjourned to Tents pitched in the compound, where a *most* elegant supper and the choicest wines served to recruit their spirits, and to give life to the festive Dance which was to follow.

About two o'clock Country dances commenced, and were kept up with great spirit till near gun-fire in the morning.

In one of the rooms a band of Native Musicians performed some of our best country dances, on two instruments somewhat resembling a guittar, and a flute made of a bamboo—They were highly applauded—They are called the Trichinopoly band.

A well-executed transparency of St. John was placed in front of the gallery of the Theatre. On the floor were painted various masonic signs, which being only understood by Masons, we cannot describe—We had indeed expected to have been furnished with an explanation, as well of the masonic emblems as of the Masquerade, from an abler pen than ours; and in the hope of this, delayed writing any account of the Masquerade ourselves until there was barely time to print it off. We trust therefore to the candour of our readers to excuse any inaccuracies, and apologize to the LODGE OF PERFECT UNANIMITY for the little Justice our discription has done to their brilliant and hospitable Entertainment.

MADRAS.

MARRIAGE.—At Bangalore, on the 28th ult. Captain C. Elphinstone, 1st Bat. 2d Regt. to Miss Primrose Margaret Welsh, eldest daughter of Major J. Welch, commanding the 1st Bat. 3d Regiment.

BIRTHS.—At Trichinopoly, on the 18th ultimo, the Lady of Major Gurnell, of the 25th Regiment, N. I. of a Daughter.

At Pondicherry, on the 30th ult. the Lady of Ernst William Fallofield, Esq. of a Daughter.

DEATHS.—At Cochin, on the night of the 17th Dec. after a very severe and painful illness, Lieutenant James Buchan, of the 2d Bat. 14th N. I. his amiable qualities endeared him to all who enjoyed the pleasure of his acquaintance, and his untimely fate is most sincerely lamented by all his Brother Officers, who were intimately acquainted with, and duly appreciated his real worth.

At Seringapatam, on the 5th Dec. Mr. William Mills, Junior, in the 23d year of his age, whose loss is most sincerely regretted by his family and friends.

BENGAL.

MARRIAGES.—On the 6th ult. was married by the Reverend Mr. Parson, Mr. A. Johnson, to Miss Derozio, of Dinagepore.

At Cool. on the 22d Nov. Alexander Ross, Esq. Judge and Magistrate, to Miss Mary Ann Gowan.

On the 9th ult. Mr. Thomas Smith Jones, to Mrs. Margaret Knox.

BIRTHS.—On the 17th ult. the Lady of John Lumsden, Esq. of a Daughter.

On the 20th ult. at Chouringhee, the Lady of Major Muller, of a Son.

At the Government House, on the 13th ult. the Lady of Captain Taylor, Military Secretary to the Right Honorable the Governor General, of a Son

DEATHS.—On the 14th ult. after a long and painful illness, the Lady of Robert Jones, Esq. deeply and most deservedly lamented by her family and friends.

At Rewaree, on the 28th Nov A. Armstrong, Esq. Assistant Surgeon, 1st Bat. 6th Regt. N. I.

At Cambay, on the 21st Nov. in the prime of life, Captain Samuel Adam Greenwood, of the 2d Regiment of Bombay Native Infantry, and Senior Assistant at the Residency of Baroda.

EUROPE.

MARRIAGES.—Lieut. Pritchard, R. N. to Miss Davis, of Printing-house square, only daughter of the late Mr. John D. of Binfield, Berks.

At Mary-le bone, the Hon. Samuel Hood, to Lady Charlotte Nelson.—Capt. Edward Cheithain, of his Majesty's Ship Leyden, to Margaret, youngest daughter of the late Peter Dean, Esq. of the Bahama Islands—Captain Shirreff, R. N. to Elizabeth Ann, eldest daughter of the late Hon. David Murray, brother of Lord Elibank.—James M'Gregor, M. D. inspector of army hospitals, in the Hampshire district, to Mary, daughter of the late Duncan Grant, Esq. of Forbes, N. B.

At St. George's, Hanover-square, the Hon. Cecil Jenkinson, to Miss Julia Schuckburgh Evelyn, only daughter of the late Sir George Schuckburgh, bart.

Mr. Samuel Isaac Tobias, of London, to Miss Sophia, eldest daughter of Dr. Solomon, of Gilead House near Liverpool.

BIRHHS.—In York-place, the Lady of Major General Crosbie, of a daughter.—In Upper Grosvenor-street Lady Hannah Ellice, of a son.—At Exeter barracks, Lady Isabella de Chabot, the Lady of the Vicomte de [illegible] Major in the 9th Light Dragoons, of a son.—He[illegible]dyship is fourth sister to his Grace the Duke of Leins[illegible].—At Rushbrooke-Hall, Suffolk, the Lady of Lieute[illegible]nt Colonel Rushbrooke, of a son.

DEAT[illegible].—At his house in Old Burlington-street, the Hon. E. [illegible]ouverie, M. P. for Northampton, uncle to the Earl of Radnor.

At Comber, in Ireland, Rollo Gillespie, Esq. formerly a Captain in his Majesty's 17th Regiment of foot.

At Fitzroy fa[illegible], Highgate, the Right Hon. Lord Southampton, (nephew to his Grace the Duke of Grafton) a lieutenant general of the army, and colonel of the 34th regiment of foot. His lordship was but in the 49th year of his age, and within a month before his death appeared in the utmost vigour of life. His lordship is succeeded in his title by his eldest son, an infant, in the sixth year of his age; he has left a daughter of his former marriage, and one other son and two daughters by his present lady. His lordship was first married to the beautiful Laura Keppel, daughter of the bishop of Exeter; and, secondly, to Frances Isabella Seymour, second daughter of Lord Robert Seymour.

ARRIVALES.—Captain Johnson, H. M. 34th Regt.—Captain J. Vahab, 2d Battalion 17th Regt—Lieutenant Byley, 2d Battalion 11th Regt.—Lieut. R. Outlaw, 2d Native Cavalry—Surgeon Owen, Surgeon J. Patterson. Assistant Surgeon Graham, H. M. 34th Regt. do. do. M. Hunter, 3d N. C. and Ensign Young.

DEPARTURE.—Major G. Custance 1st Battalion 20th Regiment.

ASIATIC MIRROR,

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 19, 1810.

Last Saturday afternoon, General Hewett, family and suite, arrived off the Esplanade, from Tumlook, in the Government yacht. His Excellency landed on the following at Chaundpaul Ghaut, under a salute of 17 guns from the Fort. He was received on landing at the Ghaut, by Major General Macan, attended by the Presidency and Garrison Staff. All the troops of the Garrison were drawn out on the occasion; and formed a street extending from the Ghaut, towards the Government House; where his Excellency and family breakfasted with the Right Honorable the Governor General.

On Monday evening a public dinner was given at the Government House, on the occasion of the Commander in Chief's return to the Presidency; at which were present, His Excellency and the principal Civil and Military Officers, of the Presidency.

On Monday last, accounts were brought to town from Kedgeree, of the arrival at that anchorage of the Fox frigate, Captain Wells, from Manilla and Prince of Wales Island. She sailed from Manilla early in November, arrived at Penang on the 27th ultimo; sailed thence on the 1st current, and came direct to *Bengal.*

The latest advices received in Manilla from Spain, previously to the sailing of the Fox, were brought by way of South America; and reached no later than the beginning of the present year. These accounts being greatly exaggerated in their statements of the successes of the Patriots, the people of Manilla were led to form very sanguine hopes of the speedy deliverance of the Mother Country. Their spirits were highly elated, and they looked forward with confidence to the issue of the contest with Bonaparte. It is unnecessary to add, that the more recent accounts from Europe, do not confirm the grounds on which these pleasing expectations were founded.

The annual Galleon from Accapulco arrived at Manilla a short time before the Fox sailed. By that conveyance, Bullion to the amount of three millions of Dollars were brought to Manilla from South America.

The present accounts of the state of markets at Manilla, with respect to India Goods, are favourable, more particularly for white Piece Goods. Sixteen hundred bales of Bengal Piece Goods carried thither, by the Russell and Marianne, were sold at an advance of 150 per cent.

Three lacs of Dollars, the property of individuals in Bengal and Manilla, have been brought to Calcutta on board the Fox.

The fine large ship, the Russell, launched at this Port about eighteen months ago, and lately purchased by the Phillipine Company, was ordered upon her arrival at Manilla, to undergo the ceremony of Purification. For the due performance of that solemnity, all the Europeans and Lascars, and indeed every living creature that belonged to her, while in the hands of the hereticks, were taken out; the Host was then carried on board; Holy Water profusely sprinkled, and the ship in due form purified from all the relics and contagious leaven, with which she might be supposed to have been polluted by her former possessors.

CALCUTTA MORNING POST.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1810.

General Orders, by the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council.

FORT WILLIAM, DECEMBER 8, 1810.

The Governor General is pleased to appoint Captain J. M. Johnson, of the 21st Regiment Native Infantry, to be Supernumerary Aide-de-Camp to his Lordship, in consequence of the absence of Lieutenants Aylmer and Webber, on foreign service, and Major Henessy, on account of indisposition.

J. ADAM, *Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.*

At an early hour on Monday last, an express reached town from Kedgeree, announcing the arrival at that place of his Majesty's ship Fox, Captain Wells, from Manilla and Penang.

The Fox left Manilla on the 4th ultimo, and Penang the 2d instant.

Letters bearing date the 4th November, have been received by the Fox, from Manilla.

We have been kindly favored with the following extracts:—

"I have the pleasure to inform you of the return of the Mosca, which sailed from this port about three months ago, as a packet to St. Blas. She was a long while on the passage thither, but returned in 60 days. The news from Spain extend to the end of May; the patriots maintain their ground and continue in high spirits, with confident hopes of ultimate success. No introduction of India goods had taken place in Mexico from Europe, by the usual channel of Vera Cruz, as people here were afraid of, and they in consequence kept up a good price. The meazles were lately introduced here by a ship from China, and the disease has made dreadful havock during a period of two months. Old and young, have been alike its victims, and great numbers have perished. All the vacant places in the burying ground have been completely filled up, and they complain that there is no longer space for the interment of the dead."

Extract of a letter dated Penang, the 1st of December 1810.

"I feel much concern in stating, that the general opinion with respect to the fate of the Ocean is, that she must inevitably have gone down; and our accounts from China are unfortunately of the same tenor.

"On leaving this harbour, she was so deeply laden, and steered with so much difficulty, that her fate, which there is too great reason to fear has overtaken her, was predicted by many, in the event of her meeting with bad weather. To the melancholy catalogue of losses sustained in the Company's service, within the last three years, forming a total of 28 or 29 Indiamen, we must, I fear, add that of the ill-fated Ocean

"The Fox frigate, Captain Wells, arrived here on the 27th ultimo, from Manilla, whence she sailed the beginning of the month. She conveys, we understand, a considerable quantity of treasure for your presidency, on private account, and proceeds hence to-morrow.

On Sunday last the American ship Catherine, Captain Beckman, entered the Hooghly, having sailed from Boston the 23d July.

This arrival affords little or no information, in addition to our former advices by the Reaper, which left America only seven days anterior to the daparture of the Catherine. On the passage, when in lat. 37 N. long. 35 W. Captain Beckman fell in with and spoke his Majesty's ship Indian, of 18 guns, commanded by Captain Austin, by whom he was informed, that Mr. Jackson's successor, as Minister to the United States, had been appointed, and his arrival daily looked for, at Washington. The name of the new Minister was not mentioned.

A number of American Vessels were preparing to sail from the several ports of the States for this side of India, with large sums in specie.

On Tuesday last the ship Ann, Capt. Dodds, and the brig Hebe, Captain Beecher, the former from Bencoolen and Padang the 17th ult. the latter from Chittagong, the 10th current, arrived at Kedgeree.

Neither of these vessels affords any particular intelligence.

BENGAL HURKARU,

SATURDAY, DEC. 22, 1810.

General Orders, by the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council.

FORT WILLIAM, DECEMBER 8, 1810.

Copy of a Paragraph that will be inserted in the next General Letter to Bengal.

"Having been informed by the friends of Lieutenant Wm. Sheppard, of the 25th regiment of Native Infantry on your establishment, that he has had an offer of a Cornetcy in his Majesty's 17th regiment of light dragoons, provided he can obtain permission to resign the Company's service, we hereby signify our permission of the resignation of Lieutenant Sheppard for the purpose above-mentioned.

The Honorable Company's ships Sovereign and Midas direct for England, and Georgiana Packet for the Cape and England, will sail, it is supposed, on the 26th or 27th current.

PASSENGERS PER SOVEREIGN.

Mrs. I. Campbell, (of Madras,) Mrs. Buchanan, Henry St. George Tucker, J. Hayes, Esq. Major Ranken, ——— John Stewart, Doctor Grœme Mercer, Mr. McIntosh, Civil Service, two Misses Lumsden, two Misses Stone, Miss Isabella Campbell, Master Archibald Campbell, Osborne Campbell, and several other Children.

It is not known when the regular Fleet will be dispatched, but it is conceived not till the end of the ensuing month, or the beginning of February.

The Diana, Captain Marshall, will accompany them; and the following Passengers, it is said, intend to go home in this latter ship:

Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Davidson, R. P. Smith, Esq. Advocate General, John Fleming, Esq. James Alexander, Esq. and L. A. Eavidson, Esq.

At the annual election of two Directors of the Bank of Bengal, which occurred on Saturday last, Joseph Baretto, Esq. and T. D. Porcher, Esq. were selected for the ensuing year.

At the sale of the Company's Madeira at the Import Warehouse on Monday, the London Market yielded from 500 to 510 rupees, and the India Market from 425 to 440 rupees. About 200 pipes were sold. The Opium sale will commence to-day, and 2,484 chests will be put up.

BOMBAY GAZETTE,

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 26, 1810.

APPOINTMENTS.

David Deas Inglis, Esq. Mayor, and James Peter Fearon, Esq. Sheriff for the ensuing year.

GENERAL ORDERS,

BOMBAY CASTLE, DECEMBER 17, 1810.

By the Honorable the Governor in Council.

It appearing by the Public prints, lately received from the Isle of Bourbon, that Captain Robert Elliott, of the Military Establishment of this Presidency, was killed on board his Majesty's frigate Africaine in the action with the Iphigenia & Astrea, French ships, on the 15th of September last, while gallantly performing his duty as an Officer, for which he had volunteered his services; the Honorable the Governor in Council, after the expression of his sincere sympathy in the loss of so meritorious an Officer, is pleased to direct that, in consequence of the casualty, the following promotions take place in the Native Infantry.

FIFTH REGIMENT.

Captain-Lieutenant Alexander Gibson, to be Captain of a Company.

Lieutenant Charles William Ellwood, to be Captain Lieutenant, and Ensign Robert Barber, to be Lieutenant in succession to Captain R. Elliott, deceased,—Date of Rank 14th September, 1810.

BOMBAY CASTLE, 17TH DECEMBER, 1810.

The Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Surgeon Inverarity, Assistant to the Agent for the manufacture of Gun Powder, at this Presidency.

By order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

W. NEWNHAM,

Secretary to Government.

LONDON, AUGUST 16, 1810.

On Sunday last, the Rev. C. F. Frey, a Jewish Rabbi, who has lately embraced the Christian Faith, preached three Sermons at Newcastle, in support of the Society for the promotion of Christianity among the Jews, when above fifty pounds were collected.

Sir Home Popham has taken the command of the Venerable. This distinguished officer, it is said, is to command a force which is to be employed on the enemy's coast.

Sir John Duckworth was sworn in Governor of Newfoundland, at St. John's, on the 24th ult. The Comet, Captain Muddle, was to sail with a convoy for Lisbon, about the middle of October.

APPOINTMENTS—Rear Admiral Sir Francis Laforey, Bart. to be Commander-in-Chief at the Leeward Islands, vice Sir Alexander Cochrane; Rear Admiral Lord Gardner, to command at North Yarmouth, vice Admiral Billy Douglas; Rear Admiral Freemantle, to a command in the Mediterranean; Sir John Gore, to the Tonnant; Captain S. H. Linzee, to the Dreadnought; Captain Hardyman, to the Bellerophon; Captain Dunn, to the Armide; Captain S. Warren, to the President; Lieut. J. Neven, Goshawk; Lieut. J. Shepherd, Hibernia; Lieut. C. Oakes, and Lieut. G. E. Marshall, San Juan; Lieut. J. Dade, Papillon; Lieutenant T. B. Young, Trent; Mr. G. Macbean, to be Purser of the Egmont.

WHITEHALL, AUG. 11.—The King has been pleased to grant to Lieutenant-General William Loftus, the office or place of Lieutenant of his Majesty's Tower of London, in the room of General Charles Vernon, deceased.

German Papers are received, containing accounts from Scylla to the 1st, and Naples to the 2d inst. The rumoured failure of the invasion of Sicily has been confounded with an attack by our flotilla on one of the enemy's convoys, on the Calabrian coast. The affair took place on the 29th, and ended, we are told, in a check upon our force, whose loss is represented at one gun-boat sunk. The invading force is estimated at 900 transports & 80 gun-boats, and the troops are represented as full of ardour and confident of success.

AUGUST 13.

Dispatches were on Monday received from Sir Charles Cotton, dated the 10th of June, stating that *the Dey of Algiers has at length declared War against France;* and that all the English

vessels taken by the Algerines are to be given up, and sent home immediately. The French have evacuated the Island of Fanu, to the northward of Corfu, which has been taken possession of by Captain Griffiths, of the Leonidas.

The Driver, sloop of war, Captain Dyer, was in company with the Melampus, Capt. Hawker, when she captured the Prize mentioned in our last Postscript. The vessel is a fine French brig of 416 tons, belonging to the famous Surcouff. The capture proves to be very valuable, as appears by the following schedule of her cargo: about 100,000 lbs. sugar; 134,000 lbs. coffee; 5000 lbs. indigo; 106 bales cotton; 10,975 pepper; 5 bales Tortoiseshell; 9,222 lbs ebony; 2,000 lbs. tutanag; 6,224 lbs. zinc; and from 3 to 4000 dollars she had taken out of a prize.

The person who arrived at the Admiralty, on Saturday, and who was supposed to be a French Officer of Rank that had deserted from Massena's army, turns out to be a Sailor of the *Marine Imperiale!*—men who attend Bonaparte in his Barge when he is at a sea-port. This man deserted from Flushing.

Mr. Justice Heath, it is said, retires from the Bench, after the present summer circuit, on the usual pension.

BULLION.—The Report of the Committee on the high price of Gold Bullion has been printed: the Committee state their conviction that there is at present an excess in the paper circulation of the country, of which the most unequivocal symptom is the very high price of bullinn; and next to that the low state of the continental Exchanges: and that a return to the ordinary system of banking alone can effectually restore general confidence in the value of the circulating medium of the kingdom. They therefore recommend, that at the expiration of two years the restriction on cash payments at the Bank of England should cease.

One-fourth of the Military are allowed by the Commander-in-Chief to assist in getting in the harvest.

AUGUST 20.

The garrison of Almeida was summoned to surrender on the 24th by General Loison. It appears from the style of his summons, that he was not apprised of any British troops being in the fortress. The defence of this important post (for such we consider it, from the fact of one of our regiments being shut up there) is entrusted to the skill and bravery of Brigadier General Cox.

The Letters and Papers from Lisbon contain some further details of the action between General Craufurd and the enemy. The French were under Loison, Massena assisting in person. They had 10,000 infantry, and 12 squadrons of cavalry. They left on the field of battle 30 officers and 700 men. There is no news from the South of Spain, of any importance, in these papers.

It appears that Mortier had, at the date of the last accounts, reached Guadiana in his march from the Guadalquiver, to join Massena.

Colonel Wyndham, of the Royal Dragoons, was taken prisoner on the 30th ult. whilst inspecting the picquets of our advanced guard near Pinhel.—Having taken two of the enemy's vedettes for his own, he rode up to them without discovering his mistake till it was too late to escape.

Letters from Jersey of the 15th state, that preparations are making at Boulogne and Cherbourg, for the invasion of Guernsey, and Jersey.

Intelligence has been received from the Coast of France, which states, that, notwithstanding the last Decree, the introduction of Colonial produce would not be permitted, unless proper licenses were granted. In consequence of this determination, a body of Merchants waited on the Board of Trade, and were in consultation with Lord Bathurst for some time; the result appears to be, that Government will not grant licenses allowing the importation of brandies, which were to form a part of the cargoes, in return for colonial produce. At this interview the Merchants were informed, that such licenses as permitted the exportation of sugar, coffee, &c. were almost ready to be delivered. The imports to consist of wheat, meal, burr-stones, and one-third wine.

The Directors of the African Institution mention, in their fourth Report, that the different communications received from the coast of Africa concur in stating, that in the month of October last, the coast was crowded with vessels known to be American, trading for slaves under Spanish and Swedish flags.

Lord Valentia, it is said, is deputed by Government to proceed immediately to the Red Sea, and coasts of China, &c. in order to correct and improve upon the charts and soundings already made of these coasts.

His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, has subscribed one hundred guineas towards the expence of the column intended to be erected in his principality in commemoration of his Majesty's entering into the fiftieth year of his reign.

AUGUST 23.

By an article from Rome it appears, that measures of extraordinary severity are to be put in force against such of the bishops and clergy as refuse to take the oath of obedience to the new Government. The benefices of the non juring clergy are to be suppressed, and the rescusants are either to be banished, or transported into the interior of France.

Letters to the 14th inst. state, that the conscription, which Bonaparte had promised to postpone to the ensuing year, had been actually carried into execution. The first class was composed of persons between the ages of 15 and 20; the second, of those between 20 and 25; and the third, of such as are 10 years older.

Great rejoicings and general illuminations took place at Lisbon, on the receipt of the intelligence of the marriage of a Prince of the House of Braganza with a Prince of the Royal Family of Spain.

Letters to the 12th ult. have reached town from the Caraccas. The spirit which effected the recent change in the Government of that settlement suffers no abatement. The inhabitants were anxiously expecting the return of the Deputies, who had been sent to this country.

In the Island of Jersey nothing is more common than to see boats from the French coast, land on that island with poultry, eggs, and other small produce, which they dispose of in the markets, and purchase in return sugar, coffee, and other colonial articles, which they smuggle into France.

Louis Casamaijor, Esq. Secretary of Legation, has returned from Algiers, and peace between Portugal and the Dey is arranged.

The Address praying for restoration of the Duke of York to the command of the army, is disavowed. It is the production of a poetical Lady, who, probably with more gratification to herself that satisfaction to the parties, (as has unhappily been evinced in the present instance) has often, on other occasions, panegyrized certain branches of the Royal Family.

Marquis Wellesley has been severely indisposed at Apsley-House, with a violent cold and fever.

Sir John Petre retires from the Exchequer with a pension of 300l. a year.

Wednesday the first pile of Vauxhall Bridge was driven in the bed of the Thames, and was saluted by a discharge of cannon. This new bridge is to be built just above the Vauxhall Ferry, and will pass over just on the east side of Cumberland Gardens.

The wheat harvest became general on Tuesday in Kent, and with some partial exceptions, arising from local situations, the crop has rather been benefited than injured by the late rains.

AUGUST 25.

APPOINTMENTS.—Capt. Forrest, to be Flag-Captain to Sir Francis Laforey, as Commander in Chief at the Leeward Islands; Lieut. G. Dore, to the Thracian; Lieut. G. E. Marshall, Hannibal, Lieut. R. Mitchell, Latona; Lieut. G. Willock, Abercrombie; Lieut. G. J. Honey, Lieut. W. J. Clarke, and Lieut. G Gosling, to the Temeraire; Lieut. H. Edwards, Hibernia; Lieut. Robenet, Audacious; Mr. Jeset, to be Purser of the Ramillies; Mr. Filles, to be Purser of the Northumberland.

We have much satisfaction in inserting the following documents in testimony of the high regard so universally felt for our late Naval Commander in Chief:—

(Copy) *Transport Office, Aug. 7,* 1810.

MY DEAR ADMIRAL.—The Captains & Commanders, who had the honor of serving under your flag, during your command at Portsmouth, earnestly request that you will accept of a piece of Plate, as a small token of their most unfeigned regard and very high esteem; and you will readily believe, my dear Sir, that having served as your Captain, the peculiar satisfsction I must feel at being the person selected by my brother Officers to the distinguished honor of presenting the Plate to you.

I have the honor to be,
My dear Admiral,
Your very obliged and truly devoted
Servant,
(Signed) COURTENAY BOYLE.

To Admiral Montagu, &c.

(Copy) *Avisford Place, Aug.* 18, 1810.

MY DEAR SIR.—I have this day received your obliging letter of the 7th inst. accompanied by a superb piece of Plate, presented to me by the Captains and Commanders of the Royal Navy who served under my flag at Portsmouth, during the time I had the honor, for five years and a half, of exerting my poor abilities in the duties of that most important post.

I know not any language that can adequately convey to them the gratification I feel at the sentiments you have expressed of their regard and esteem for me; it must therefore devolve on you, my dear Sir, to assure them of the high sense I shall ever entertain of so distinguished a testimony of their approbation, which can never be obliterated from my mind.

If I succeeded (and which I have good grounds to believe I did) in executing the duties of my command to the satisfaction of my superiors, it is to be attributed to the zeal, abilities, and devotion to the public service, of the Rear-Admiral under my orders, and the Captains and Commanders I had the honour to command at that port, added to the very able assistance which I invariably received from you and your predecessor *

I have the honour to be, with sincere respect,
My dear Sir,
Your most obedient and very humble Servant,
(Signed) GEO. MONTAGU.

To the Hon. Captain Boyle,

* We take the liberty of mentioning, that the zealous Officer here alluded to, is Captain Wainwright, who has been serving lately with so much honour in the Gulph of Persia, in La Chiffonne.

The Plate, as here described, has been presented to Admiral George Montagu, by the Captains and Commanders who served under his Flag during his command at Portsmouth, manufactured by Messrs Smith and Asprey, of Bruton-street, Berkeley-square, Silver-smiths to his Royal Highness the Duke of Clarence:—A massive Soup Tureen of an oval form, supported by four Eagles displayed (being the chief bearing in the Admiral's arms) on a handsome stand, with embossed shell, and scroll ends, cable border, and antique claw feet. On each side the arms are elegantly chased; also Medalions encircled by oak and laurel branches, bearing the following Inscription in raised letters:—

"To Admiral George Montagu, a Tribute of Respect and Esteem from the Captains of the Royal Navy, A. D. 1809."

At the handles are Neptune heads, with crest on the cover and ladle-end.

Yesterday her Royal Highness the Princess Charlotte of Wales, in company with the Earl and Lady Arran, and Lady De Clifford, arrived here, at Sir Roger Curtis's; and, soon after, they embarked, attended by Sir Roger, Miss Curtis, and Capt. Hall, R. N. in the Admiral's barge, at the Sally Port, and proceeded to the Dock-Yard. General Wetham accompanied the Princess to the Sally Port, and afterwards went to the Dock-Yard in her carriage. At the Dock-Yard, the Princess and party were attended by the Hon. Commissioner Grey, and, after viewing the different departments of the Yard, they returned to Sir Roger Curtis's house partook of a cold collation, and the Princess and company then set off on their return to Bognor.

Sir Home Popham gives an elegant entertainment on Monday, on board the Venerable, to their Royal Highness the Duke and Princess Sophia of Gloucester.

QUEEN'S PALACE, AUG. 22.—His Majesty having been pleased to appoint His Grace Henry Charles Duke of Beaufort, K G. to be Lord Lieutenant of the County of Gloucester, of the City of Bristol, and County of the same, and of the City of Gloucester, and County of the same; his Grace this day took the oath appointed to be taken thereupon, instead of the oaths of allegiance and supremacy.

DOWNING-STREET, AUG. 23.—The King has been pleased to appoint Robert Gordon, Esq. to be his Majesty's Governor of the Colony of Berbice.

WAR-OFFICE, AUG. 25.—*Royal York Rangers,* Captain Delancey Barclay, from the 56th Foot, to be Major.

No intelligence either from Spain, Portugal, or the North of Europe, has been received to-day.

The Duke of Orleans has assumed the command of the Spanish Army. The interposition of one of the Blood Royal of France is considered an event likely to give a new æra to the Spanish cause.

Parliament was further prorogued on Tuesday, with the usual formalities, to the 1st of November.

The whole amount of the Debt proved against the Firm of Brickwood and Co. does not, we are informed, exceed £405,000!

The number of dollars stamped and issued by the Bank of England, from 1797 (inclusive) to the 8th of February last, amounts to 4,817634.

AUGUST 30.

The following important communication, dated Monday last, has been received:—

"*Ostend Aug* 27.—The new licenses are now signed, and ten are already distributed for Ostend. It is doubted if more will be granted for this port.

"*Bordeaux,* La Rochelle, Nantes, Havre, and Ostend, are the only licensed ports, to the exclusion of every other port.

"Thesa licenses are, however, of little or no use for Ostend, as, by the obligation to export wines and brandy, the thing becomes impracticable."

Another Decree has been issued by the Danish Government. for the purdose of placing additional letters upon commerce. The following are extracts from our Swedish letters:—

"*Gottenburgh, August 20th.*—About 4000 French have left Hamburgh, to march to Stralsund. It is thought that this measure is owing to orders received from the Emperor of France, that such a force shall attend the Election of a new Crown Prince of Sweden.

"It is now understood that Bernadotte will be chosen Crown Prince, and it is conjectured that this military detachment is to enforce his Election."

We understand that the Baron De Kolli (the gerson arrested in France in the attempt to carry off Ferdinand VII.) is actually arrived in England, and is at this time actually in London. This seems a more extraordinary escape than even that of Gen. Sarrazin, and may give rise to much speculation.

The last accounts from Madame Mara (the celebrated singer), mention that she was residing on a fine farm, in comfortable retirement, in the neighbourhood of Moscow.

A merchant at Plymouth, has purchased the San Rafael, one of the old Spanish line of battle ships taken by Sir Robert Calder, for the purpose of making her into a dry dock; for which purpose her stern will be cut away, and a pair of gates hung in its stead.

In a cause tried last Term between a *tailor* and an *attorney,* it was observed, by one of the Counsel that it was hardly possible to make a *coat* for a *lawyer* without its ending in a *suit.*

AUGUST 31.

The last Mail from Gottenburgh contains the following interesting articles, relative to the election of Bernadotte to the Swedish Throne:—

Orebro, August 15.—Our Gazette of this day contains the following article:—"The Prince of Ponte Corvo (*ci-devant* Bernadotte) was born in 1763; as a hero, he has proved himself invincible; as a statesman, he has promoted the welfare and prosperity of France, without any selfish view; as a conquerer, he has became the guardian angel of Hanover; as a philanthropist, he has deserved and obtained the blessings of Swedish Pomerania; and as a private man, he avoids all excess and pageantry, and with the same sentiments he inspires his hopeful son, who is eleven years of age. Should it be objected that he is not of high descent. I answer, that the successive steps which he has been obliged to tread, in order to attain the height where he is now placed, have made him acquainted with the concerns and relations of all intermediate situations in life; and his personal merit, which raised him from one exalted station to another, cannot but be more eminent, as it was not supported by any of those birth rights to which prejudice or custom frequently, yet undeservedly, assigns the highest offices in States. As to his religion, being no Roman Catholic, but a Protestant—his tenets therefore differ but very little from our own, merely no matters altogether trifling, and the translation from his religion to ours will be to little preceptible as to leave no room either for blame or reproach. To learn the Swedish tongue will be an easy task to a man like him. Our Frederick and Adolphus Frederic were German Princes, also not acquainted with our language when they ascended the Swedish throne, and yet their memory will be blessed by the Swedes."

Gottenburgh, August 20.—Intelligence has just been received here that the Prince of Ponte Corvo (Bernadotte) has been elected Crown Prince.—Great advantages are expected to result to our country from this choice. The financial embarrassments of the Government will be surmounted by a voluntary loan from the Prince, of eight millions of Banco dollars, at a low interest. The present constitution of our Government will be guaranteed to us, and further benefits afforded as soon as the maritime situation of Europe will admit of them: and what is of still greater consequence to us, we perceive in the present nomination, an earnest of the future restoration of Finland.

Friday were receivad French Papers to the 24th inst They Principally relate to the French operations in Portugal. The usual sarcasms are dealt out against the Commander of the British army, for remaining a tame spectator of these operations. Annexed to this, but not in an official shape, is a long description of the *tranquillity* that prevails in Spain; the *safety* with which the country may be travelled through; the excellent accommodations that are to be found at the inns on the roads.—There is not a French soldier in all Spain who does not know that they are downright falsehoods.

These Papers also contain some accounts of the operations between Murat's flotilla and our noval force at Sicily. It is curious to observe the contempt they affect to entertain for our formidable line of obstructions, not one shot from which, they tell us, struck their vessels. We may expect to hear a very different story from our Naval Commander on this station.

Murat follows his relation Bonaparte, in the art of invention, *passibus æquis*.—According to his accounts, our naval force is beaten in every encounter, and our seamen are completely terrified. In his directions to Servants, Swift says—"When you tell a lie, be sure that it is a thumping one" Murat has taken the advice—he was once himself a footman.

A Decree of Joseph Bonaparte, dated Madrid, July 11, requires all the Municipalities of the kingdom to subscribe to the *Madrid Gazette.* The chief towns of every Prefecture to take four copies; the Sub-prefectures three; to Communes of above 2000 inhabitants two; and the small villages one. This going a degree beyond Napoleon. The latter decrees that only certain papers, which of course will be under his controul, shall be published; but Joseph requires that his Journal shall be bought and read.

So unfavourable have the Brazils proved to the speculations of our Merchants, or so much has the market been glutted, that vast quantities of our manufactues lie undisposed of, and without any immediate prospect of sale. The inhabitants will not accept our manufacturers in return for their produce, and therefore *we are obliged to send out money for the purchase of cotton.* From some of those persons engaged in purchasing gold and silver for these purposes, we understand that the joe, a Portuguese coin, which was formerly current at 36s. cannot be had under 2l. 3s; while the price of the dollar is raised from 4s 6d. to 4s. 10½d. It is said that an adequate quantity of gold and silver cannot be obtained even upon these terms.

It is rumoured, that the last dispatches from Mr. M'Kenzie give reason to apprehend that all the efforts made by our Government to mitigate the horrors of the war, by a regular exchange of prisoners, will prove unsuccessful. We have already stated that Mr. M'Kinzie had delivered in his ultimation on the 3d of August, and intimated at the same time his intention to demand his passports, unless a satisfactory answer should arrive in dlimited time, which

time, we understand, was 14 days. No answer having arrived, Mr. M'Kenzie still waited day after day, in the hope that the expectations held forth by the French Commissioner (who was as anxious as Mr. M'Kenzie to bring the negociation to a satisfactory issue) would be fulfilled. But that hope being exhausted, he had in fact peremptorily demanded the passports when the last dispatches came away, and only consented to defer the transmission of the demand to Paris for one day more, at the most urgent request af his fellow negociator, whom he assured of his fixed resolution to enforce it the next day, unless a satisfactory answer should arrive in the interval; and of this Mr. M'Kenzie had little hope.

Lord Nelson.—A very curious natural phenomenon has lately been discovered in Edinburgh; and as it strikes different persons in the same manner at first sight, it is impossible that *fancy* (that active principle) *can* be the cause of it. From a point of Salisbury Crags, and from a place called Miller's Garden, there is visible, in the rock on which the monument to the memory of the illustrious and Gallant Lord Nelson is erected, a most correct, though gigantic profile of the Hero's face. It is formed by the rock, and was first discovered a few weeks since, by an English family travelling in Scotland. Since that period it has been the theme of wonder, and object of curiosity to all the visitors to the Scots metropolis, as well as to the inhabitants. This extraordinary likeness, it is to be hoped, the Magistrates will take care most religiously to preserve, and retain for Edina the custody of one of the *memorabilia* attending the life of Britain's highest Naval boast.

Escape of Roberts and Harper.—A Meeting of the principal Magistrates of the County, together with the Directors of the Bank, took place on Thursday, at the New Prison, Clerkenwell, to investigate, by the examination of witnesses, the escape of Robert Roberts and Smith, alias Harper, on Tuesday morning. The former prisoner was about to undergo a final examination on the charge of forgery on the *Bank* of England, on Wednesday, and the latter is a known thief, who was undergoing an imprisonment for six months, and who also stood indictment for a burglary. Roberts, who has lately represented himself as a Bill Broker, is the same who, two years since, obtained considerable sums of money in the North of England, by representing himself to be Earl Percy. The escape of two prisoners is one of an extraordinary nature. Their places of confinement were at the extremes of a court, and they were perfect strangers to each other, as far as was known. It was discovered that Harper had broken through the wall into an adjoining cell, which was unlocked, and instead of escaping (which might have ordinarily been expected) into the outer yard, he unlocked two iron gates which led down to the court to the interior of the prison, and liberated Roberts, a supposed stranger to him. These gates were found open, and three others, which led to the outer yard. Notwithstanding there is a watchman placed within the prison, in the outer yard, and another without, the two prisoners escaped over the wall; and another remarkable circumstance is, that Mr. Aris, the gaol-keeper, locked up the prisoners that night, which he was not accustomed to do.

Friday Mr. Churchill, as the senior Middlesex Magistrate, was in the chair, and Mr. Aris, sen. his four sons, and the whole of the servants of the prison were closely examined. It appeared, as was stated yesterday, that the two prisoners were not supposed to know each other, and that the whole of the gates leading from the place of Robert's confinement, six in number, were found open in the morning, they having been made fast at locking-up time, on the preceding night. The prisoners then made their escape over the wall, by ascending a new lodge in the prison, not yet finished; and when at the top of the wall they were supposed to

(Continued in the Supplement.)

Sporting Intelligence.

THE Commmittee for the ensuing Madras Races, have fixed on Monday the 14th Instant, at 7 o'clock A. M —for Aging, Measuring, and entering Horses for the Maiden Subscription and public Purses.

7th January 1811.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.

A DARK Bay Arab Saddle Horse, warranted sound.—He was formerly brok in for a Bandy, and went well, but has for some Months been used as the Postilion Horses to a Carriage—He is a strong Horse, and trots very fast.—Price 150 Pagodas.

A pie-bald Pegue Poney, sound and goes in a Saddle.—It is believed he was accustomed to a Bandy, but has not been so used by the present possessor.—Price 85 Pagodas.

Also a Bay Saddle Horse sound, young, and very easy in his Paces, and carries a Lady well.—Price 130 Pagodas.

For further particulars enquire at the Office of this Paper, or at Ashton and Meppen's, where they will be exhibited this Day at the time of his sale.

Prize Money.

THE DISTRIBUTION advertised in the Madras Gazette, of Saturday the 29th December, to the OFFICERS and CREW of His Majesty's late BRIG SEA FLOWER, for the Recapture of the SHIP VENUS, with the CARGO of the KELVEN GROVE, will take place on Saturday, the 26th Instant, or sooner should the PHAETON and BARRACOUTA come into the Roads previous to that day · and immediately after the Distribution, or in case of the non-arrival of those Ships on or before the above mentioned day, the unclaimed Shares will be paid over to the Deputies of the Treasure of Greenwich Hospital, under the Notice published in this Paper, on the 4th of last May, the period fixed by the Act of Parliament having elapsed.

	Pags.	Fans.	C.
The Share of a Man of the 4th Class, - -	138	26	32
Ditto of Ditto, 5th Class	59	17	25
Ditto of Ditto, 6th Class,	21	13	60

FOR E. H. LOCKER, Esq.
PRIZE AGENT.
GEORGE ARBUTHNOT.

BEACH BUILDINGS, 4th January, 1811.

ADVERTISEMENT.

MR GEORGE ARTHUR HUGHES of Tinnivelly, the surviving partner of the late firm of YOUNG and HUGHES, with the concurrence of DOCTOR ANDREW BERRY, the Acting Executor of CHARLES WALLACE YOUNG deceased, as authorised, under certain circumstances, by a Clause in the Will of the said deceased,—who was in his life time the other partner of the said firm; does hereby give notice, that the said firm or co-partnership of YOUNG, and HUGHES was Dissolved by the demise of the said CHARLES WALLACE YOUNG on the 23d November 1809; and hereby requests that all demands against the said firm be forthwith forwarded to him the said GEORGE ARTHUR HUGHES for adjustment.

TINNEVELLY, 20th Dec. 1810. }

A CARD.

JOHN BURDEN,
AND
ALEXANDER WADDEL,
Will, on the 20th day of January, 1811.

OPEN that Spacious Building now erecting in Popham's Broadway, as

The Madras Hotel
AND
TAVERN,

Which will be fitted up in a very superior style, for the accommodation of Gentlemen of the Settlement and for Gentlemen and Families on their way and from Europe and to the other Presidencies.

A Coffee Room will also be established, where the News Papers of all the Presidencies will lie for perusal.

Tiffens and Soups, will be provided every day betweens the hours of 12 and 3.

Private Rooms for Parties may also be had on application, for Breakfast, Tiffins or Dinners, and Families may be accommodated with separate suits of Rooms if required.

BURDEN and WADDEL have to assure the Public, that their stock of Liquors and Wines &c. will be of the first quality for the use of those who may honor them with their support, and they flatter themselves, that their attention to the comforts and convenience of all who may visit the Hotel, will give general satisfaction.

MADRAS, January 1, 1811.

Thomas Birtles,

BEGS to inform his Friends and the Public, that the very liberal support he has met with, has encouraged him to purchase that extensive COACH-YARD, lately belonging to MR. WILLIAM HOGG, on the Mount Road, adjoing in his own Livery Stables, where he proposes receiving CARRIAGES, BANDIES, &c. for Sale on Commission, and also will have a Public Sale of HORSES, & CONVEYANCES, &c. &c. every Monday, at half past 4 o'clock in the Afternoon.

T. B. promises, that every care and attention shall be paid to CARRIAGES, &c. &c. that may be entrusted to his charge, having very excellent COACH HOUSES, for the reception of them.

SALES BY AUCTION.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
By Balfour & Hogg,
AT THEIR AUCTION ROOM,
On SATURDAY next, the 12th Instant,
SALE TO COMMENCE,
AT HALF PAST TEN O'CLOCK,
THE EFFECTS
OF THE LATE
MRS. BECKMAN,
DECEASED;
CONSISTING OF
WEARING APPAREL,

A LONG Orange coloured Camel Hair Shawl, a square Jamawear Shawl, six pieces of fine Madras Cambric, one piece coloured Muslin, a piece of White French Silk, a piece of Pink do. one piece of Pink Crape, one piece of Lilac do sundry articles of Jewellery, a large Blackwood Cott with Curtains &c. a Bengal Palanqueen with Bed, Lamps &c. &c. &c.

AND
A VARIETY OF OTHER
ARTICLES.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
By Balfour and Hogg,
AT THEIR AUCTION ROOM,
On SATURDAY next, the 12th Instant,
AT 11 O'CLOCK,
TWENTY BOXES
OF
CROWN GLASS,
10 by 8.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.
By Balfour and Hogg,
EXCELLENT
JAMAICA RUM,
AT SIX PAGODAS PER DOZEN.

Fresh Long Cloths,
AND
IZARIES.

MESSRS. DOBBIN and SUTHERLAND, have just received, a lage supply of fine LONG CLOTHS, PUNJUMS, and IZARIES, which they can warrent fresh from the loom; of the best quality, and on the most moderate terms, being laid in by their own particular indent.

FOR SALE.
AT VELLORE,
BY D. POTTER,
THE FOLLOWING
ARTICLES,

STEEL Regulation Scabbards.
Steel, plain and Military Bridle Bits.
Snaffles and Curb Chains, of sorts.
Black and Chittagong-wood Chairs, of different sorts.
Black-wood Couches.
Side Couches.
Ottoman Couches.
Long Dining Tables.
Drawer Tables.
Bullock Trunks.
Country made long, and half Boots and Shoes.

Any thing else may be made according to orders in the Smith, Carpenter, and Leather-line, and with as little delay as possible.

VELLORE, 4th January, 1811.

SALES BY AUCTION.

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THIS-DAY,
TUESDAY,
THE EIGHTH OF JANUARY, 1811,
Ashton and Meppen,
ARE DESIRED TO SELL,
AT 11 O'CLOCK IN THE FORENOON,
WITHOUT RESERVE,
IN ORDER TO CLOSE AN ACCOUNT,
THE FOLLOWING
ARTICLES,
OF
PIECE GOODS,
VIZ.

TWO Hundred and forty Pieces of Salempores, nine Kall, Thirty do. do. of 8 do. One hundred and ninety do do. 7 do. One hundred and thirty Pieces of Blue Cloth of a good Texture, Eighty Pieces of Succatoons, fine enough for Shirts, Sixty Pieces of Gingam, the length and breadth of the different Cloths, shall be made known at the time of Sale, and the whole shall be Sold in such lots as may be most convenient for the Purchasers.

THIS-DAY,
TUESDAY,
THE EIGHTH OF JANUARY, 1811,
AT 11 O'CLOCK IN THE FORENOON,
WILL BE SOLD
BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
By Ashton & Meppen,
THE FOLLOWING
ARTICLES,
THE PROPERTY
OF
A GENTLEMAN,
LEAVING THE
PRESIDENCY,
PLATE,

A TEA Pot and Stand, a handsome Milk Bowl Cover and Stand, a Milk Bowl and Stand without Cover, a pair of Curry Dishes and Covers, a large Tumbler, a Soup Ladle, Five Table Spoons, one Dozen Tea do. and 2 Salt do. a Saddle Horse with Saddle and Bridle, a Bandy, Poney, and Harness, a pair of Bird Cages, and sundry other articles.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
BY
Dobbin & Sutherland,
On THURSDAY next, the 10th Instant,
POSITIVELY TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER,

AN Invoice of Silk and Cotton Hosiery, 24 dozen Blank Cards of sizes, one Mahogany Paper Screw, one Ebony Escruitore, one Ivory and Blackwood Backgaman Board, one Mahogany do. one large Cheval Looking Glass, Men and Children's Black and White round Hats, Several Articles of Furniture consisting of Tables, Chairs, Camp and Sea Cots, Writing Tables and Desks of different sizes, Almiras, several second hand Fowling Pieces, Holsters and Swords, Several Articles of Plate and Plated Ware, also a Billard Table with Ques and Balls, measuring 10 by 5 feet, a quantity of Books and Several other Articles.

AT 1 O'CLOCK.

Two large full Bodied Bandies and Several Horses.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
BY
Dobbin & Sutherland,
On THURSDAY next, the 10th Instant,

ONE single Gloucester Cheese, fourteen Pine Apple do. ten Packages of Garden Seeds, eleven dozen Blue Finger Cups, one Cannister containing 40lb. Currants, forty pieces of narrow China Ribbonds and eight pieces broad ditto.

MADRAS:—PRINTED BY M. KELLY, OPPOSITE THE WALLAJAH GATE IN THE FORT.

*** It is requested that those SUBSCRIBERS to the COURIER who are occasionally changing their Residence, will give early notice of the place to which they remove to the PRINTER who will pay attention to their order and any SUBSCRIBERS at the Presidency to whom the Peons may not deliver the Paper in proper time, are requested to give information of the same in order that this irregularity may be prevented in future.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE MADRAS COURIER.

Tuesday, January 8, 1811.

(Continued from the 4th Page.)

have let themselves down by a rope, as a hook was found in the morning by Daniel Aris, the gaoler's son. The most important witness was a youth of the name of Macar, or M'Gar, who stated some conversation which he had overheard betwixt Daniel Aris and Roberts. This youth was an evidence against a party of burglars, and his testimony relative to this affair, with other circumstances of coroboration, tending to implicate D. Aris in having been privy to the escape of the prisoners, induced to Magistrates to commit him to New Prison for trial for aiding and abetting such escape. It turned out, that Roberts had been indulged with walking in the gardens of the prison, after he had been locked up in prisoners. Neither of the watchmen could give the evening, as usual, at the same time as the other any satisfactory account of the business. The investigation closed with the suspending of Aris, the goal-keeper, the committal of Daniel Aris, his son, and the dismissal of another of Aris's sons, who was a turnkey. Mr. Newport, from New Prison, Clerkenwell, is appointed successor to Aris, at the Coldbath-fields Prison. The youth who gave evidence against D. Aris, was committed to Tothill-fields Bridewell, and to be kept private. No clue has yet been of Roberts or Harper. The evidence against Roberts, relative to the forgery upon the Bank, was quite conclusive, and a woman he cohabited with was admitted as evidence in the business. It would defeat the ends of justice to publish the particulars of Robert'ss examination, as several other persons are involved in the business who cannot at present be found.

AUGUST 18.

It is said, upon eery respectable suthority, that the dispatches received from Mr. Jackson, by Ministers, refer to a most important event which has taken place on the Continent of America. We understand that these advices from the British Minister, relate to the favourable reception at the City of Washington of the Deputies from the revolutionized Spanish Colonies in South America, subsequent to which a negociation was entered into, terminating in a Treaty, Offensive, Defensive, and Commercial, thus uniting the two grand divisions of the American Continent by the only bond that can be permanent, that of reciprocal interest.

AUGUST 18.

A very unbecoming controversy has been commenced in the party journals upon some expressions contained in an account given in one of those journals, of a speech said to have been delivered by his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, in returning thanks for the drinking of the health of his Royal Daughter, the Princess Charlotte, at the dinner given at the Pavilion at Brighton, in honour of the Prince's birth day. His Royal Highness is said to have declared—

"That he had pointed out to her young understanding, as a model for study, the political conduct of his most revered and lamented friend, Mr. Fox, who had asserted and maintained, with such transcendent force, the principles upon which the Government under this excellent Constitution ought to be administered for the true and solid dignity of the Crown, and the real security, freedom, and happiness of the people. He had the most heartfelt enjoyment in knowing, that even in her present early years, his daughter had a just conception of the value of the precepts which had been implanted in her breast."

SEPTEMBER 3.

The King of Prussia appears lately to have entertained some thoughts of resigning his Crown, and secluding himself at Sans Souci during the remainder of his life; but his Councillors have dissuaded him from this design. Bonaparte seems to delight in heaping indignities upon him. He is now called upon to reduce his military establishment to 20,000 men. This force, it is conceived, will be sufficient to maintain the peace of the *interior* of his dominions meaning, we presume, that Prussia must never think again of bringing a force into the field.

Louis Bonaparte is so ill at Toplitz, as to be unable to leave his room. Has Napoleon sent his Physician to him?

Another Americansquadron, under the orders of Commodore Rogers, was assembling in Hampton Roads, to cruise on the Southern coast; and a third division, under Capt. Campbell, was to be stationed at Charleston.

Captain Fraser, of the Avon, of 18 guns, after waiting a considerable time in the Delaware, expecting from Washington the promised permission for landing the money he had on board for the Spanish Minister, and not considering himself justified in longer continuing in port, put to sea on the 6th of July, on his return to Jamaica; but meeting a vessel at sea bound in, he put the money on board of her, and it was duly forwarded. The order allowing the Avon to land the money arrived some time after her departure.

Mr. Jackson, accompanied by his Lady and family, are making a tour through the northern part of the state of New York. Mr Jackson, previous to his return, intended to view the Falls of Niagara.

The Lords of the Admiralty and Commissioners of the Navy, made a strict survey of all the ships in ordinary at the different ports. They finished at Deptford, and ordered 15 ships to be sold. All the Warrant Officers that are old, disabled, and otherwise unfit for sea service, are to be invalided, the others, with their wives and families, have a ship allotted them to live in, till vacancies fall out.

A stone column, 13 feet high, was on the 3d ult. erected on the top of Redding-rig Moor, "N. B. To the Memory of the Scotch Patriot, Sir William Wallace."

A few days ago, an English gentleman was visiting the field of Bannockburn, and had employed an intelligent woman, who lived in the neighbourhood, to mark out the different points of action. Being much satisfied with the answers she had made to his questions, he offered her half-a-crown at parting, which she, with great gravity refused, adding "the English had paid dear enough for Bannockburn already!"

Professor Leslie, of Edinburgh, has discovered a new mode of producing artificial cold. Without any expenditure of materials, he can, by means of a simple apparatus, in which the action of certain chemical powers is combined, freeze a mass of water, and keep it for an indefinite length of time in a state of ice. In a hour, he has thus formed a cake of six inches in diameter, and three quarters of an inch thick; with very little trouble, he can produce a permanent cold of 90 degrees of Fahrenheit, below the temperature of the air, and might easily push it to more than 100 degrees.

At Guildhall, on Friday, a well known youthful depredator, named Plumber, was charged by a hardy son of Neptune with picking his pocket, of 19l. on the night of Thursday. The prosecutor stated, in whimsical language, that his wife and himself had been taking a *cruise*, to Barnet, and that he had taken his passage by one of the evening coaches, hoping to reach town in good time to get a *berth* for the night. But *howsomdever* the coachman *brought-up* at so many places by the way, that it was the *mid-watch* before he got to the end of his voyage. Being afraid to get *overhauled* by some of the *night pirates*, he requested the coachman to *pilot* him and his *ma e* into a sung *anchorage* for the night, which the coachman promised to do but not being acquainted with the *coast*, he failed. The prisoner, who was *standing off and on* all this time, at last *bore down, hailed*, and told him he could *pilot* him to a good safe *mooring* for the night. But the rascal was telling him *American news*, the devil of a word of which was true; for as soon as ever he came *alongside* of Jack, he *boarded* him, and attempted to carry off his *rhino*. He succeeded in getting the money out of the seaman's pocket, but Jack *grappled* him by the sleeve of an old great coat which he wore, and would have *captured* him, but the stuff of the coat being rotten, gave way, and he set off with every *stitch* of *canvans* he could *crowd*. It was in vain for Jack to *give chace* to him, for being a *newer* and *lighter vessel*, hh was able to *sail round and round him*. He therefore informed one of the King's *cruisers* (Officers) that are *stationed* near the place (Chick-lane), and they went in *chace* together, and were fortunate enough to get sight of the *pirate, moored* in a gin-shop. *alongside* of a *fire-ship*. They made *lawful prize* of him; but upon searching him, none of the *rhino* was found on him, except 4s. 6d. the rest having been dropped in the scuffle, when the sailor *grappled him*. The fellow had nothing to say in his defence, as both the sailor and his wife swore to his *hull* and *rigging*; the sleeve of his coat was also found torn, as described by the tar. He was fully committed.

Lord John Russell and several Officers, embarked on board the Latona, at Plymouth, on Thursday, and sailed for Lisbon.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, has recently adopted a system of retrenchment in several of the Public Offices, which will produce a great annual saving. This system is to be carried to the full extent of practical utility, though it may not proceed so far as many Politicians, more distinguished by theoretical refinement than conversant with experience, might require.

CONSPIRACY AGAINST BONAPARTE.

Private letters were received yesterday from Holland which state that a conspiracy against Bonaparte had been detected at Breda, and that two of the ringleaders were under arrest.

DECIDED VICTORY OF THE TURKS OVER THE RUSSIANS.

We have received since our last French Papers to the 11th inst. Dutch to the 12th, German to the 8th, and a Gottenburgh Mail, from which we have made a variety of interesting extracts.

There seems no doubt of the Turks having obtained a decided victory over the Russians in the neighbourhood of Schumls.

An article from Vienna of the 21st ult. states the conflict to have been most sanguinary, and of sixteen hours duration. The Turkssh cavalry, commanded by English Officers, decided the victory, which is allowed on all hands to have been most complete. One account says that the Russians have been beaten in such a manner that it will be a long time before they can again act upon the offensive—and all the effects of their late advantages in Bulgaria have been thus completely counteracted.

ESCAPE of ROBERT ROBERTS & HARPER.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS.

Mr. Churchill, as the senior Middlesex Magistrate, was in the Chair, and Mr Aris, senior, his four sons, and the whole of the servants of the prison, were closely examined. It appeared, as was stated yesterday, that the two prisoners were not supposed to know each other, and that the whole of the gates leading front the place of Robert's confinement, six in number, were found open in the morning, they having been made fast at locking up in time, on the preceding night. The prisoners then made their escape over the wall, by ascending a new lodge in the prison, not yet finished; and when at the top of the wall they were supposed to have let themselves down by a rope, as a hook was found in the morning by Daniel Aris, the jailor's son.

The most important witness was a youth of the name of Macar, or M'Gar, who stated some conversation which he had overheard betwixt Daniel Aris and Roberts. This youth was an evidence against a party of burglars, and his testimony relative to this affair, with other circumstances of corroboration, tending to implicate D. Aris in having been privy to the escape of the prisoners, idueed the Magistrates to commit him to New Prison for trial for aiding, and abetting in such escape.

It turned out that Roberts had been indulged with walking in the garden of the prison, after he had been locked up in the evening, as usual, at the same time as the other prisoners. Neither of the watchmen could give any satisfactory account of the business.

The investigation closed with the suspending of Aris, the Jail-keeper, the committal of Daniel Aris, his son, and the dismissal of another of Aris's sons, who was a turnkey.

Mr Newport, from New Prison, Clerkenwell, is appointed successor to Aris, at the Colbath-fields Prison.

The youth who gave evidence against Daniel Aris was committed to Tothill-fields Bridewell, and to be kept private.

No clue has yet been had of Roberts or Harper.—The evidence against Roberts, relative to the forgery upon the Bank, was quite conclusive, and a woman he cohabited with was admitted an evidence in the business. It would defeat the ends of justice to publish the particulars of Roberts's examinations, as several other persons are involved in the business who cannot at present be found.